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Exam : PA Life Accident and Health

**Title : Pennsylvania Life, Accident
and Health Exam**

Version : DEMO

1.Which service can NOT be provided in the patient's home through a home health care policy?

- A. nursing care
- B. banking assistance
- C. housekeeping assistance
- D. meal preparation

Answer: B

Explanation:

Pennsylvania Health Insurance study materials define home health care policies as insurance coverage that provides certain medical and supportive services in the insured's home when hospitalization or skilled care is required. Covered services typically include skilled nursing care, housekeeping assistance, and meal preparation, provided they are part of a prescribed care plan and medically necessary.

Home health care benefits are intended to assist with health-related daily living activities and recovery. Housekeeping and meal preparation are often limited to light duties directly related to the insured's medical condition, such as maintaining a clean environment or preparing meals according to dietary needs.

Banking assistance, however, is not considered a medical or health-related service and falls outside the scope of home health care coverage. Financial or personal business services are unrelated to medical treatment and are therefore excluded under Pennsylvania health insurance standards.

For this reason, the service that cannot be provided through a home health care policy is banking assistance, making option B the correct and verified answer.

2.Which of the following is a common exclusion from coverages found in accident and health policies?

- A. Emergency room coverages.
- B. Self-inflicted injuries.
- C. Flu and pneumonia shots.
- D. Coordination of benefits.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Accident and Health insurance policies issued in Pennsylvania contain standard exclusions intended to prevent coverage for losses that are intentional or not accidental in nature. One of the most common and clearly defined exclusions is self-inflicted injuries. Pennsylvania-approved policy provisions specify that injuries or losses caused intentionally by the insured are excluded from coverage, whether the act was committed while the insured was sane or insane, unless the policy explicitly provides otherwise.

This exclusion exists to reduce moral hazard and ensure that insurance remains a mechanism for protection against unforeseen events rather than intentional harm. Accident and Health insurance is designed to cover accidental injuries and sickness, not losses resulting from deliberate actions.

The remaining answer choices do not represent exclusions. Emergency room services are typically covered subject to deductibles or copayments. Flu and pneumonia shots may be covered as preventive services. Coordination of benefits is a claims-handling provision used when more than one policy applies. Therefore, self-inflicted injuries is the correct and verified answer under Pennsylvania Accident and Health Insurance guidelines.

3.Which is an accurate statement regarding the taxation of personal life insurance?

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- A. The interest on a policy loan is tax deductible to the insured.
 - B. The payment of accelerated death benefits are reported as taxable Income.
 - C. Lump sum death benefits are income tax free.
 - D. Dividends and interest earned are taxable as ordinary income.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Pennsylvania Life Insurance taxation principles follow federal tax treatment standards taught in state-approved insurance education materials. Lump sum death benefits paid from a personal life insurance policy are generally income tax free to the beneficiary. This favorable tax treatment is one of the primary advantages of life insurance as a financial planning tool.

The death benefit is excluded from the beneficiary's gross income when paid as a lump sum, regardless of the size of the policy. However, interest earned on proceeds left with the insurer under a settlement option may be taxable, but the principal amount remains tax free.

The other options are incorrect. Interest on a policy loan is not tax deductible. Accelerated death benefits are generally not taxable when paid due to terminal or chronic illness. Dividends are considered a return of premium and are not taxable unless they exceed the total premiums paid.

Accordingly, under Pennsylvania Life Insurance taxation rules, the correct statement is that lump sum death benefits are income tax free, making option C correct.

4. Which policy provision protects the insurer against possible adverse selection?

- A. Nonforfeiture.
- B. Reinstatement.
- C. Suicide clause.
- D. Entire contract.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The suicide clause in a life insurance policy protects the insurer against adverse selection by stating that if the insured commits suicide within a specified period (usually two years) after the policy is issued, the insurer will not pay the death benefit but will return the premiums paid. This provision helps prevent individuals from obtaining life insurance with the intention of committing suicide shortly after, thus mitigating the risk for the insurer.

5. The type of annuity in which all payments cease upon the death of an annuitant is referred to as a

- A. equity annuity.
- B. variable annuity.
- C. terminal annuity.
- D. life annuity.

Answer: D

Explanation:

A life annuity is the type of annuity in which all payments cease upon the death of the annuitant. Under Pennsylvania annuity principles, life annuities are designed to provide income that the annuitant cannot outlive, but they do not guarantee payments beyond the annuitant's lifetime.

Pennsylvania-approved insurance study materials explain that once the annuitant dies, no further payments are made to beneficiaries unless a specific settlement option or rider—such as a period

certain or refund provision—was elected. Without such provisions, the insurer retains any remaining value, which is how the longevity risk is managed.

The other options are incorrect. Equity annuities and variable annuities describe investment structures, not payout duration. A terminal annuity is not a recognized annuity classification under Pennsylvania insurance definitions. Therefore, life annuity is the correct and verified answer according to Pennsylvania Life, Accident, and Health Insurance documentation.